XX. Description of Ulva punctata. By John Stackbouse, Esq. F. L. S.

Read May 5, 1795.

ULVA PUNCTATA.

LVA dichotoma, membranacea, diaphana; fegmentis latis, uniformibus, apice furcatis; fructificatione globofa, fessili, in maculis oblongis per totam frondem glomeratim disposita.

Sp. nov.

An inter Ulvas vel Fucos annumeranda sit species hæc, haud equidem, ut opinor, satis liquidò constat. Altitudo sexuncialis; latitudo segmentorum vix uncialis: apices obtusi, furcati. Habitus dichotomus. Substantia frondis tenuissima, pellucida. Fruetissicatio per totam frondem ordine bino, glomeratim disposita: tubercula singula, rotunda, glabra, sessilia, atro-rubentia. Frons enervis, e basi tuberculata, subtus plana, saxis adhærenti exoritur.

Hab. ad oppidum Weymouth in arena juxta portum.

Dotted Ulva.—Frond dichotomous, membranaceous, transparent: the divisions wide, uniform, bluntly forked. Fructification in patches; tubercles crowded, round, smooth, without footstalks, dark-red colour.

Observations.

Observations.

The fubstance of this rare plant is as thin as goldbeaters' skin, or the membrane of *Ulva umbilicalis*. It arises from a little knobby root, flat at bottom; and grows in a crowded mass. It is persectly dichotomous, the segments broad, of an equal size, forked obtusely. Its colour is brown, and pellocid as a bladder. The fructification covers the whole frond, in two rows of oblong patches, studded thick with small, round, dark-red granules. This plant has, I believe, never been noticed; it is, probably, a native of deep waters, and, from the delicacy of its texture, seldom thrown on shore persect. Mr. Woodward, who has seen the specimen, thinks the fructification too regular, as to situation on the frond, for the genus *Ulva*; otherwise it would fall under his division of Fruit-bearing *Ulva*.

Hab. Thrown on shore on the sands at Weymouth, near the pier, at low-water mark, September 1792.